2/5/19 “Pediatric Neuro Oncology: The Current Landscape and Hope for the Future”
Presented by: Tabitha Cooney, MD
Neuro-Oncologist
UCSF Benioff Children’s Hospital Oakland
Assistant Professor
University of California San Francisco

Objectives:
1. Recognize the overall impact of pediatric brain cancer in the United States, and how children are affected differentially by race, ethnicity, and socioeconomic status.
2. Explain the therapeutic strategies in development to cure pediatric brain cancer.
3. List the resources available, beyond cancer therapeutics, to our East Bay pediatric brain cancer patients to help guide them through their cancer journey.

2/12/19 “TB or not TB? Treating LTBI to prevent pediatric TB disease”
Presented by: Kristen Wendorf, MD
Public Health Medical Officer
Tuberculosis Control Branch
California Dept. of Public Health

Objectives:
1. Identify children in need of TB testing.
2. Recognize when to use an interferon-gamma release assay to help diagnose latent TB disease.
3. Use shortest effective treatment regimen for latent TB disease.
4. Describe public health’s role in identifying, treating, and preventing TB disease in children.

2/19/19 “Patient Immigration Status and Pediatric Care”
Presented by: Maria Blanco, Attorney
Executive Director
UC Immigrant Legal Services Center
UC Davis School of Law

Objectives:
1. Examine the concept of "public charge" and its impact on the delivery of health services.
2. Identify different forms of immigration status.
3. Be able to explain constitutional rights of immigrants to families and colleagues.

2/26/19 “Germ Cell Tumors: Insights and New Directions from the Malignant Germ Cell International Consortium” (Laura Cheung Memorial Lecture)
Presented by: Lindsay Frazier, MD
Attending Physician,
Dana-Farber/Boston Children's Cancer and Blood Disorders Center
Associate Professor of Epidemiology
Harvard School of Public Health;
Associate Professor of Pediatrics
Harvard Medical School

Objectives:
1. Evaluate Explain the development origins of germ cell tumors.
2. Differentiate recommended therapies for pediatric and adolescent GCT patients.
3. Assess the benefits of a new diagnostic test for GCT.